

LATE TELEGRAPHIC TICKS

FROM MANY POINTS.

Important News Items Received as We Go to Press.

Disasters, Accidents and Fatalities.

Mrs. Mary Carter, a widow of Mountain Home, Ark., is a raving maniac. A black bear raided her cabin, killed two of her children and ate one of them before her eyes.

The four boilers of the Midland, Mich., Salt and Lumber Company's mill blew up. Three men were killed and a number of others injured. John Allen, Eugene Valkenburg and Dick Stears, are the names of the killed.

The bodies of two unidentified women, eloped in each other's arms, were found in Highgate pond, north of London.

During the cyclone at Augusta, Kas., last Friday evening, 25 houses were destroyed and two men fatally injured. Several people in the country were said to have been killed.

Capital, Labor and Industrial.

Hooven's rolling mill, at Norristown, Pa., which has been idle several months as a result of the puddlers refusing to accept a reduction from \$4 to \$3.50 per ton, have resumed operations by agreement on the \$3.50 basis.

The coal miners' strike which began at Owensville, Ill., two weeks ago, has ended in a defeat for the men.

The cigarmakers' strike in Indianapolis has been settled.

At the Edgar Thomson Steel Works at Braddock, Pa., Saturday, 2,161 steel rails, weighing 60 pounds to the yard, were made in one turn of eight hours. This breaks the previous world's record, held by the same mill, as several months ago it made 1,963 in eight hours.

Crime and Penalties.

Miss McDonough and her 7-year-old son were found murdered near Lyons, Tex., on the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railroad. Frazier Davis, a negro, recently discharged by Mr. McDonough, is thought to be implicated. He is in jail at Caldwell.

In a row among the female employees in a cotton factory at Anniston, Ala., Rosie Brown was jumped upon and kicked so badly that she died a few hours later. Ten of the girls have been arrested on warrants charging them with murder.

Royal E. Fox, paymaster of the Solway Process Company, of Syracuse, N. Y., and James Houser, his driver, were held up near the city by two highwaymen and robbed of \$2,300.

The second day's whippings at New Castle, Del., this year took place Saturday. Sheriff Simmons wielded the lash. The victims numbered nine.

Financial and Commercial.

W. H. Neff, a Cincinnati capitalist, has made an assignment, with liabilities of \$130,000 and assets of \$200,000.

The tanners and curriers of the country agreed at Boston to close all upper leather tanneries for 60 days in order to curtail production.

Fires.

At Philadelphia the cotton mill of A. Platt & Bro. Loss, \$30,000; fully insured. At Hamilton, W. Va., the entire business square. Loss, \$20,000; insurance, \$10,000. Origin—a cigar stump. At Ottawa, Ont., Thackeray's planing and sash mill. Loss, \$80,000; insurance, \$10,000. At New York the stable of Henry Gasque, with 27 horses. A tenement house adjoining also damaged. Loss from \$15,000 to \$20,000.

At Trenton, N. J., Maddock & Sons' pottery, for the manufacture of sanitary ware, was burned. The loss is said to amount to nearly \$200,000. Several hundred hands are thrown out of employment. This is the second large conflagration at the pottery within a year.

At Savannah, Ga., 27 houses burned in one of the best residence portions of the city. Loss about \$100,000. The fire was of incendiary origin.

At Santa Fe, N. M., the territorial capital. Loss, \$250,000.

Fire losses at Boston last year amounted to \$1,628,413; total insurance, \$19,629,413.

Nearly \$25,000 worth of property in the center of the business portion of Jackson, Miss., burned Friday night.

Washington News.

The president approved "The act to encourage ship building" within an hour after its receipt from the house committee on enrolled bills.

In the House Mr. Watson, of Georgia, served notice that the People's Party representatives would hereafter oppose all requests for unanimous consent. He did this because there appeared to him to be an arrangement for the recognition of a certain number of the old party members, but no provision for the Third party.

The House Committee on pensions has decided adversely on the bill of Mr. Newberry, of Illinois, that no pension be paid to any person who is not a citizen and a resident of the United States.

Senator Mitchell presented a resolution instructing the Committee on the Quadracentennial to inquire into the advisability of asking an appropriation to enable the National guards of the various States to hold an encampment at the World's Fair.

Baron Savoya Fava, the Italian Minister to the United States arrived in New York upon the steamship La Gasconne. He was met by a large delegation of fellow-countrymen, who gave him a hearty welcome. Fava expressed his pleasure at returning to the United States, where he said he had formed many good friends. He has always worked, he said, and would continue to work to strengthen the friendly relations existing between the two countries and between the king of Italy and the president of the United States.

Railroad News.

The Pennsylvania, Reading and Baltimore & Ohio companies have agreed to reduce coke freight rates 10 per cent. Simultaneously the Reading road reduced the rate on anthracite coal 10 per cent. These reductions will benefit the eastern ironmen.

Striking section hands on the Wabash, between Chicago and St. Louis, have won their fight and an advance from \$1.10 to \$1.25 a day.

The Philadelphia and Reading Company is distributing a new book of rules among the train hands and other employees. One of the rules prohibits all passenger trainmen from smoking or using tobacco in any form while on duty.

Crops.

The condition of the wheat crop in most Russian provinces is favorable.

The Michigan crop report shows the condition of wheat to be excellent. The fruit outlook is promising.

The following bulletin was issued by the weather bureau at Washington: Pennsylvania crops are looking well in spite of the cool weather and backward season; warmer weather is noted everywhere. Corn planting in southern portions nearly finished. Fruit trees are heavy with blossoms. Gardening has begun.

Turf News.

The Chester cup handicap in England was won by Dare Devil, Silver Spur was second and Tableau Vivant third.

Sunol will eat hay that cost \$37 per ton. The price was \$13 per ton at Pleasanton, Cal., and the freight to Meadow \$24.

Political.

The Louisiana Legislature canvassed the votes for State officials cast at the recent election as follows: Governor, Murphy J. Foster 79,588; S. D. McEnery 47,037; H. A. Leonard 29,459; J. E. Broussard 23,257; R. L. Tannehill 9,762.

Judicial.

At Louisville, Ky., Judge Toney decided that the Frankfort lottery had a right to run, no matter if the State Constitution did prohibit it. The Henry college lottery grant was, however, declared exhausted.

Miscellaneous.

In the three years that Pittsburg has enjoyed the advantages of electric and cable railways, 73 lives have been sacrificed to "luxury" up to date, and about 1,000 persons and animals have been injured more or less, and a liberal estimate places the number of those permanently maimed or crippled for life at one-tenth of that number.

The death of General Gresser, Chief of the St. Petersburg police, was caused by the injection of quack medicine.

Caterpillars have striped many North Carolina forests of leaves, and are more numerous this year than last.

The steamer Conemaugh, bearing flour, grain and provisions from America, designed for the famine sufferers of Russia, arrived in Ripa roadstead. The work of discharging the vessel was begun, and is being pushed as rapidly as possible. Hearty greetings were given those on board the steamer by the municipal authorities.

Supt. Bradley, of the Farm school at Thompson's Island, Mass., reports the finding of the bodies of five of the boys drowned April 10. All the bodies were floating in the water off City Point, and all have been positively identified as follows: Frank Hitehook, aged 19 years; Charles H. Graves, aged 17 years; William Curran, aged 17 years; Adolbert H. Packard, aged 19 years.

The jury in the case of the 14 victims of the Central theatre fire in Philadelphia have found the lessee and his employees, the fire marshal of Philadelphia and the building inspectors grossly negligent in not providing sufficient means of exit, and recommends that laws be made more strict. James Pigeon, the fourteenth victim of the fire, died at the Pennsylvania hospital Saturday.

BEYOND OUR BORDERS.

Rudolph Jaeger, the defaulting chief cashier of the Messrs. Rothschild, the great banking house at Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Germany, whose flight was made public April 30, was arrested in a hotel at Ramleh, Egypt. His defection is estimated at 1,700,000 German marks.

An extraordinary tidal wave occurred at Montevideo, Uruguay. Several vessels were left dry when the waves receded. A number of metals and coins of the Spanish epoch were found on the shore.

At Buenos Ayres, a large skating rink in course of construction collapsed yesterday. Thirty persons were killed.

The bill prohibiting the maintenance of gambling tables in Belgium has passed the senate at Brussels.

In an incendiary fire at Wiedelskeizer, Russia, 350 houses were burned and four adults and three children perished.

At Neusatz, Hungary, a number of women have been placed on trial on the charge of poisoning their husbands and lovers with arsenic.

The question, how many people are injured daily in the streets of London, has just been answered by the home secretary. Last year 147 people were killed and 6,000 wounded by street traffic. Some of the latter died and others were maimed for life.

At a review of troops at Spandan, Friday, Emperor William gave a sudden order to the Mayor to close the schools and let the children attend the review. Within 15 minutes 5,000 children were on the drill grounds.

The Swiss Federal Court has sentenced the Canton of Berne to pay five American tourists, who had been wrongfully arrested and ill-treated, \$120 each, as well as a fine of \$100 and costs.

A menagerie in Hungary was overtaken by a flood and wrecked. The proprietor's wife and many beasts were drowned.

A band of desperadoes recently made a descent upon Serra, 20 miles north of Wady Halfa, Egypt, and massacred 31 natives who fell into their hands there.

Anarchists blew up the public building in Alby, France, with a dynamite bomb Saturday. No one was hurt.

If you want a fad, see if you can't talk less. Every one talks too much. And when you do talk, talk well. Here are two fads that will do you some good.

PRINTERS' HAVEN OF REST.

THE CHILDS-DREXEL HOME

Dedicated at Colorado Springs. The Gift of Philanthropists and Thousands of "Typos."

The dedication of the Childs-Drexel Home for Union Printers at Colorado Springs took place Thursday, the 63d birthday of George W. Childs, of the Public Ledger, of Philadelphia.

George W. Childs and A. J. Drexel, the gentlemen who in 1886 gave a check for \$10,000, which formed the nucleus of the fund that paid for the Home, were present. About 7,000 delegates of the National Editorial Association, on their way to the national convention in California; the State officials, the county and city officials from every county and city in the State; a detachment from the Chaffee Light Artillery; delegations from many of the principal typographical unions and other labor organizations of the United States, in addition to the officers of the International Typographical Union and board of trustees, under whose directions the Home was constructed, took part in the ceremonies.

Addresses of welcome were made by Governor John L. Routh, Mayor Ira T. Sprague of Colorado Springs, and W. B. Lunt, president of the Chamber of Commerce, to which W. B. Prescott, president of the International Typographical Union, responded.

August Donath gave a history of the home, and Senator J. H. Gallinger, of New Hampshire, an old printer, delivered the oration, which was an excellent effort. Some remarks were also made by W. S. Capper, of Mansfield, O., president of the National Editorial Association.

George W. Childs, one of the founders of the Home, occupied the position of honor on the platform. Telegrams to Mr. Childs congratulating him on his 63d birthday were received by him from all parts of the country.

The Home is located one mile from the center of the city, on a site that overlooks the entire surrounding country, and nowhere in the United States can the eye gaze upon a more pleasing picture. Standing, as it does, above all other buildings it presents a high back arm or reading chairs, a folding bed in the shape of an armchair with heavy plate glass front, and in addition to this there is a wooden mantel that is to be set up at the fireplace. The upholstery is of the finest kind of leather. The wood is of the quality known as wave and burl. The one shows innumerable wave lines, while the other has spots very much like those seen in bird's eye maple. In the center of the round table is a gold oval plate, on which is inscribed:

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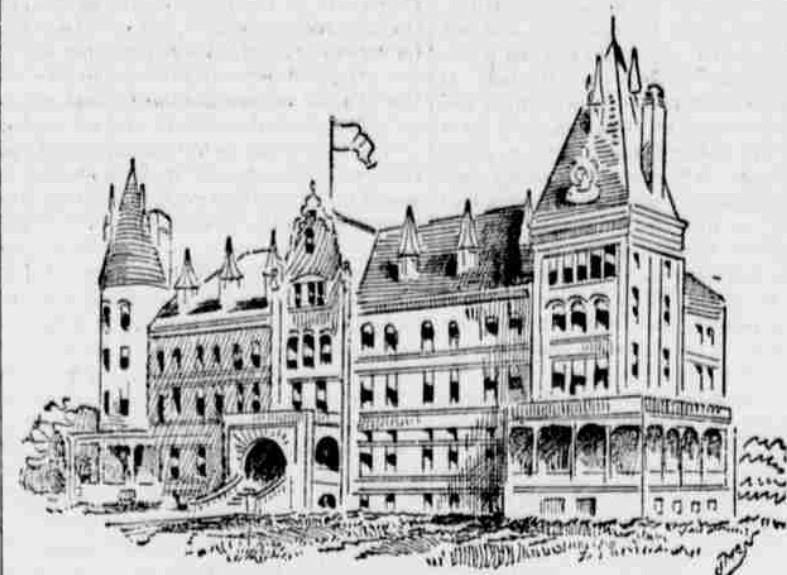
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colored hardware trimmings. The style of the architecture is Renaissance, and the cost of construction has amounted to a little more than \$60,000. The engraving herewith gives an accurate idea of the structure.

On the first floor are the executive office, the chapel, the Childs parlors, the San Francisco room and the Drexel parlors, with many other rooms that have not as yet been assigned to special uses, but which will, undoubtedly, be fitted up as memorial or endowment rooms by the several unions throughout the jurisdiction of the international body.

The Childs parlors contains a life size painting of George W. Childs, valued at \$1,000.

The room furnished by San Francisco Typographical Union, the first union to make application for the privilege of furnishing a room, is located in the square tower corner of the building, is 14x14 feet, and has entrance to the splendid balcony surrounding the square tower, and the furnishings are characteristic of the State from which it comes, being manufactured from California red wood, which, in addition to its beauty, serves a purpose, that of showing that California red woods can be worked up into furniture, which in appearance presents as pretty an effect as dark mahogany and looks as solid. The set of furniture consists of a large round table, a lounge, three



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